

REVISION – TEST A

I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.



1. A. great B. bread C. steak D. break
 2. A. depend B. region C. impress D. ethnic

II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.

1. A. region B. climate C. monster D. comprise
 2. A. introduction B. population C. recreation D. Hinduism

III. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence

1. They met me at the building _____ and led me to the lounge.
 A. entrance B. entering C. part D. space
2. In the afternoon, when Tam _____ his homework, he helps Mr. Brown on the farm.
 A. takes B. completes C. does D. makes
3. I was so _____ of being a Dien Bien Phu soldier in 1954.
 A. interested B. excited C. proud D. keen
4. An anthem is often sung _____ special occasions.
 A. of B. at C. on D. in
5. We always visit our parents _____ Christmas Day.
 A. on B. in C. at D. to
6. _____ Tim felt tired, he stayed up to finish his homework.
 A. Although B. So C. Because D. Therefore
7. It was beginning to rain _____ we quickly left the picnic place.
 A. that B. so C. because D. but
8. I _____ Maryam since we _____ to the primary school.
 A. knew / went B. have known / went C. knew / have gone D. know / go
9. “ _____ I didn’t phone you to say I’d be late?” – “Don’t worry.”
 A. I wish B. I’m sorry C. It’s a pity D. What a pity
10. “Would you like to go to my birthday party this weekend?” “ _____.”
 A. I know we are friends. B. Oh yes, it is optional.
 C. That’s right, I am busy. D. Yes, I’d love to.

<p>11. The sign means</p> <p>A. Alcohol is allowed here. B. There is good wine here. C. There is not good wine here. D. Alcohol is not allowed here.</p>	
<p>11. The sign means</p> <p>A. There is a nearby medical center. B. There is an ambulance in front of the hospital. C. The Red Cross is available. D. Hospitals are permitted to build here.</p>	

III. Read the following letter. Decide if the statements are True or False, and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D)

The *ao dai*, the traditional dress of Vietnamese women, has a long history. In the early 17th century, Vietnamese clothing designers made changes to the design of the traditional Chinese costume, creating the primitive forms of the present *ao dai*. This creativity showed Vietnam's strong sense of independence. The *ao dai*, with different designs and materials, was traditionally worn by both men and women. Over the years, despite the coming of western clothing for more convenience in daily activities of modern life, the *ao dai* has been there to stay. Therefore, Vietnamese women go on wearing this unique dress, **which** is both traditional and fashionable and which conveys our rich culture to the world.

1. The *ao dai* had its start at the beginning of the seventeenth century.
2. Vietnamese *ao dai* and Chinese dresses are exactly the same.
3. Both men and women wore the *ao dai* in Vietnam many years back.
4. Vietnamese *ao dai* is both traditional and fashionable now.
5. Where does the *Ao dai* come from?
 - A. The traditional dress of Vietnamese men and women
 - B. Western clothing
 - C. Modern clothing
 - D. The traditional Chinese costume
6. The word "**which**" in the last sentence refers to:
 - A. the unique dress
 - B. the *ao dai*
 - C. Vietnamese women's dress
 - D. clothing

IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage

Thank you for the invitation to join your family for a holiday in Pulau Langkawi. I would (1) _____ to accept. I am looking forward to (2) _____ you and the others. You told me that you would visit your parents in Penang first. Give them my regards when you see them. It's been many years (3) _____ I last saw them. I think it was at your sister's wedding. I have been really busy and the idea of a holiday by the sea is really (4) _____. I'll meet you (5) _____ the hotel on the fifteenth. I will be taking the afternoon flight and should be there by (6) _____ time. Goodbye for now.

1. A. love B. happy C. eager D. mind
2. A. see B. saw C. seeing D. seen
3. A. since B. after C. when D. before
4. A. attraction B. attractively C. attractive D. attracted
5. A. to B. at C. on D. under
6. A. breakfast B. lunch C. dinner D. brunch

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. Don't write your essay _____! (**careless**)
2. The difficult _____ situation makes the sale of jeans go down. (**economy**)
3. I have many _____ in learning English now. Can you help me? (**difficult**)

4. My parents are always _____ in traveling whenever they get the chance. (interest)

VI. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences.

1. The Ao Dai / novels and songs / has been / for a long time / the subjects of poems,

→

2. students feel equal / rich or poor / in many ways / whether they are / Wearing uniforms helps

→

VII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. It's a pity Maria doesn't have more time for her hobby.

→ Maria wishes she

2. How long is it since you last used the car?

→ When did

3. My cousin often went fishing when he was in the country.

→ My cousin used

4. They began selling TV LCDs three years ago.

→ TV LCDs have been

THE END OF THE TEST

REVISION – TEST B

III. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.



1. A. impressed B. striped C. noticed D. comprised
 2. A. butter B. put C. sugar D. push

I. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.

1. A. economic B. federation C. friendliness D. mausoleum
 2. A. design B. mention C. prefer D. inspire

IV. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.

1. Do you think Islam is Malaysia's official _____?
 A. language B. region C. capital D. religion
2. The number of people who wear jeans is increasing; that's why sales of jeans are _____ up.
 A. raising B. running C. pulling D. going
3. The train leaves Paris at 1.00 p.m and _____ in Lyons at 3.00 pm.
 A. comes B. goes C. arrives D. reaches
4. _____ the 18th century, women began to wear jeans.
 A. At B. On C. In D. For
5. The park was named _____ a Vietnamese hero, Le Van Tam.
 A. after B. in C. on D. to
6. She often goes to the mosque to pray _____ her religion is Islam.
 A. so B. because C. although D. but
7. My mother hasn't worn Ao Dai _____ she last worked for ACB bank.
 A. since B. so C. because D. for
8. My younger sister wishes she _____ very well.
 A. can sing B. could sing C. can't sing D. sings
9. "Could you please help me?" – " _____."
 A. That's great B. No, thank you C. No problem D. I need a favor
10. "Would you like to join our trip?" – " _____."
 A. Yes, please B. I'd love to C. That's right D. I think so

<p>11. What does this sign mean?</p> <p>A. It is not allowable to pick flowers. B. You cannot water flowers. C. There are not many flowers. D. Flowers are not planted here.</p>	
<p>12. This sign says:</p> <p>A. You can park your car here. B. You mustn't litter here. C. Keep tidy. D. No littering here.</p>	

V. Read the following letter. Decide if the statements are True or False, and choose the correct answers (A, B, C or D)

A Vietnamese boy named Van is living with the Parkers family on a farm 100 km outside Columbus, Ohio in the United States of America. He is an exchange student. Mr. Parker is a farmer and Mrs. Parker works part-time at a grocery store in a nearby town. They have two children, Peter and Sam. Peter is the same age as Van but Sam is still in the primary school. Van often does chores after school. Sometimes, he also helps on the farm. The family relaxes on Saturday afternoons and they watch Peter play baseball. Van likes the Parkers, and he enjoys being a member of their family.

1. Sam is an exchange student in the U.S.A.
2. Van is as old as Peter.
3. Van usually helps the Parkers on the farm.
4. Van likes being a member of the Parkers' family.
5. The passage is about_____
 - A. Van's studying English in the U.K
 - B. Van's daily activities, an exchange student in America
 - C. the Parkers' activities in USA
 - D. the things the Parkers have to do every day
6. At weekends, he often_____
 - A. watches Peter play baseball
 - B. helps the Parkers on the farm
 - C. does chores
 - D. works part-time at a grocery store

VI. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

For centuries, Vietnamese Ao Dai has appeared in (1)_____, literature, and music. The traditional dress called Ao Dai is a long silk tunic that is slit on the sides and (2) _____ over loose pants. Vietnamese women usually wear it, especially on special occasions. Fashion designers have (3)_____changed the original Ao Dai. They have taken inspiration_____Vietnam's ethnic minorities. Suns, stars, crosses, and stripes have been_____ to Ao Dai. Lines of poetry are printed on the Ao Dai. Ao Dai looks very fashionable nowadays, so Vietnamese women can continue to wear this unique dress although modern (6)_____is more convenient.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. A. poetry | B. poem | C. poet | D. poetess |
| 2. A. wear | B. wearing | C. wore | D. worn |
| 3. A. finally | B. originally | C. thirdly | D. gradually |
| 4. A. from | B. in | C. to | D. for |
| 5. A. described | B. added | C. taken | D. put |
| 6. A. cloth | B. material | C. clothing | D. sweater |

VII. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.

1. Vietnamese people are famous for their _____ and hospitality. (**friend**)
2. I could pass my exam thanks to _____ letters from my pen pal. (**encourage**)
3. In Viet Nam, sticky rice cakes are _____ eaten at Tet. (**tradition**)

4. The most common _____ structure in Viet Nam is the pagoda. (religion)

VIII. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences.

1. you will look / I think / more beautiful / Ao dai / in our traditional

→

2. for our summer / My parents / to Malaysia / and I traveled / vacation last year

→

IX. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. We haven't written to each other for a long time.

→ It is a long time since

2. Someone cleaned the floor very carefully this morning.

→ The floor

3. I'm sorry I can't help you to solve this problem.

→ I wish

4. He would go hunting when he was in Africa.

→ He used

THE END OF THE TEST